



Introductory Training Course Manual Version 10

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Bookmark Introductory Training Course Manual

Version 10



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Introduction

Course topics

Overdues

Controls (system parameters)

Borrowers

Cataloguing

Circulation

Searching

Stocktaking

Housekeeping

Backing up

Updating

Regular tasks

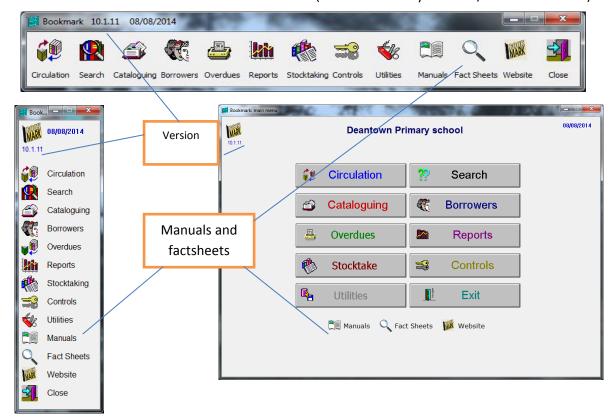
Starting Bookmark

Bookmark version is listed on the top left corner of the main menu. Also in Update and System info in Utilities.

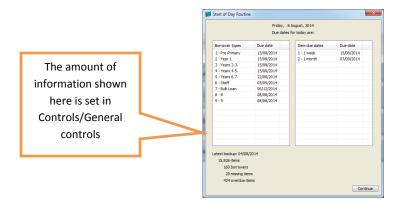
Windows 7 does not allow full screen mode. It is designed for a screen resolution of 1024x768(minimum) 1280x1024(optimum) Circulation and Search can be set to almost full screen mode.

Main menu

There can be three different looks to the main menu (as determined by Controls/ General Controls)



Then the program does some scanning, and other things happening while it is opening. Then the start of day routing pops up to allow checking of due dates.



If the date needs to be changed, go to the Due dates screen in Controls.

When you are in a submenu, e.g. Cataloguing if you right click on an empty spot on the window, you should see a main menu. Must have "Allow many modules open at the same time", ticked in Controls/ General Controls.



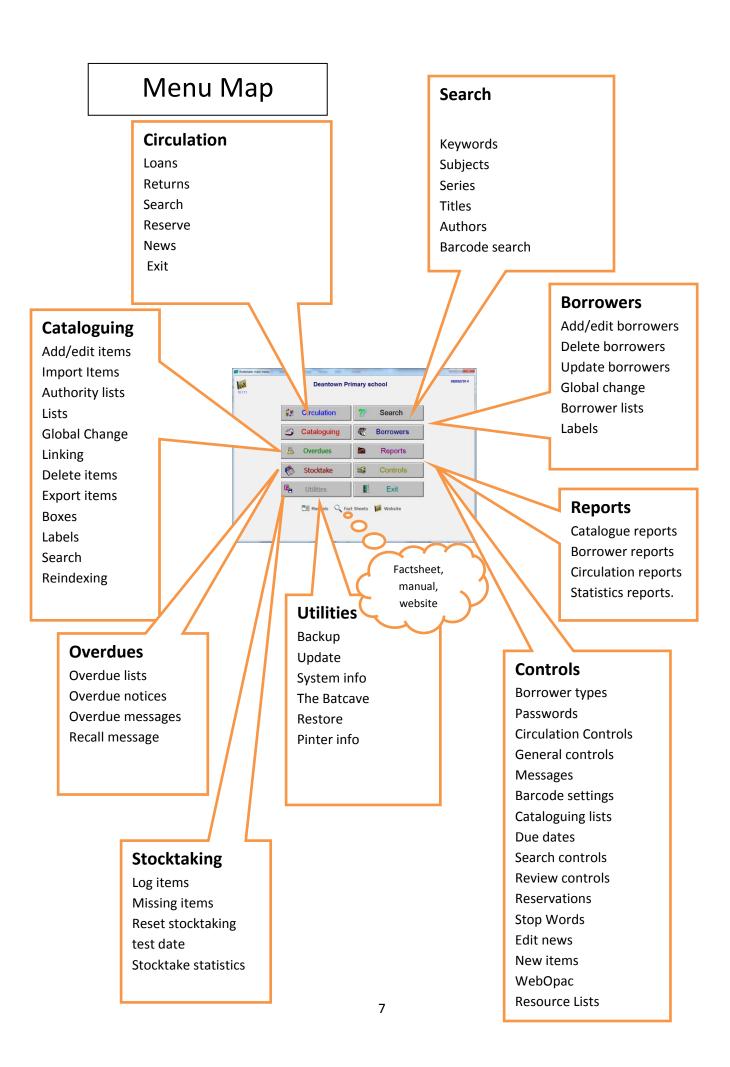
Passwords

Passwords can be set for each module.

The main password will work everywhere.

Turn the password into a barcode for greater security, and to save having to constantly type it in.

A neat trick is to use the first and last letter of the main password for all the other passwords. Make it easier to remember and shorter if you have to type.



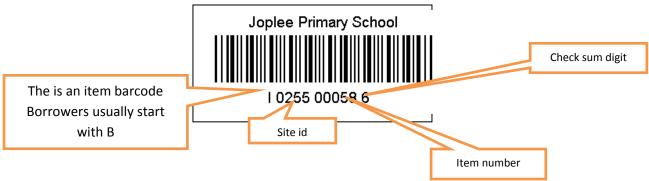
Barcodes

Barcode labels are used to make the process of issuing and returning loans quick and easy. Bookmark can work with different types of barcode labels and in some cases mixtures of labels, although it is strongly recommended that all barcodes should be of the same configuration.

The standard "Bookmark" configuration is 11 characters in length and organised in a specific manner. Other label standard may have a different configuration. This is determined in Controls/Barcode settings



There are Item barcodes, borrower barcodes, and system barcodes.



Label Header

Above the "stripes" is the label header. This is usually the name of the school or institution. For user labels, it may be the name of a person.

Label Identifier

The first character indicates whether the label contains a borrower's or an item's number. The letter B is normally used for *borrower labels* and I for *item labels*. This character can be either a letter or numeral such as a 3 for items and 2 for borrowers. All borrower labels must begin with the same character, whether it is B or a 2 or anything else. Labels beginning with any other character are considered items. For consistency, it is strongly recommended all item labels begin with the same character and not different letters denoting different types of media.

Site ID

The next four characters – 0255 in the example – identifies where the barcode originates. It can be either 4 digits or 4 letters. The site id is normally the school number.

Record Number

Every borrower and every item in the database is stored with a unique *record number*. The next five numerals comprise the record number. These values begin at 00001 and can go up to a maximum of over 2147483647 (5 digits on this type of label limits the range to 99999).

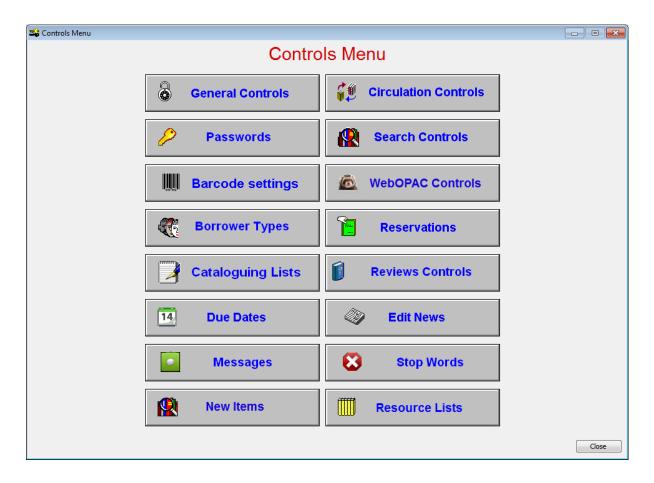
Checksum

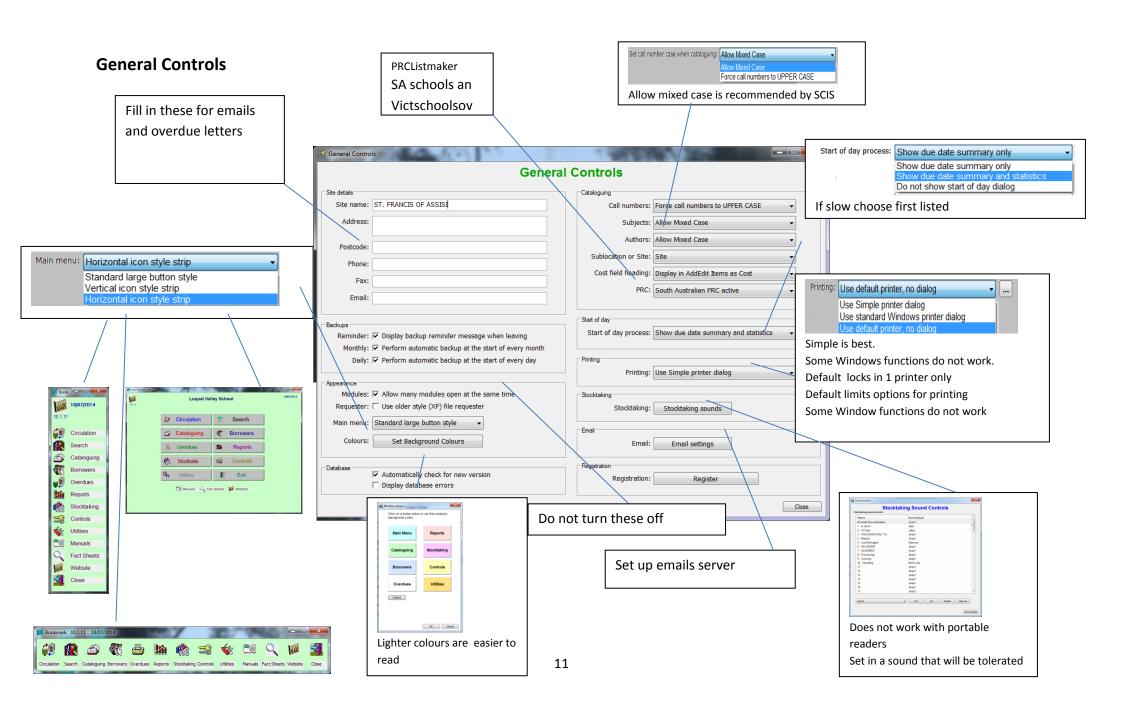
The final digit of a standard barcode is known as a *checksum digit*. It is used to ensure the label has been read properly by the reader and is not part of the record number.

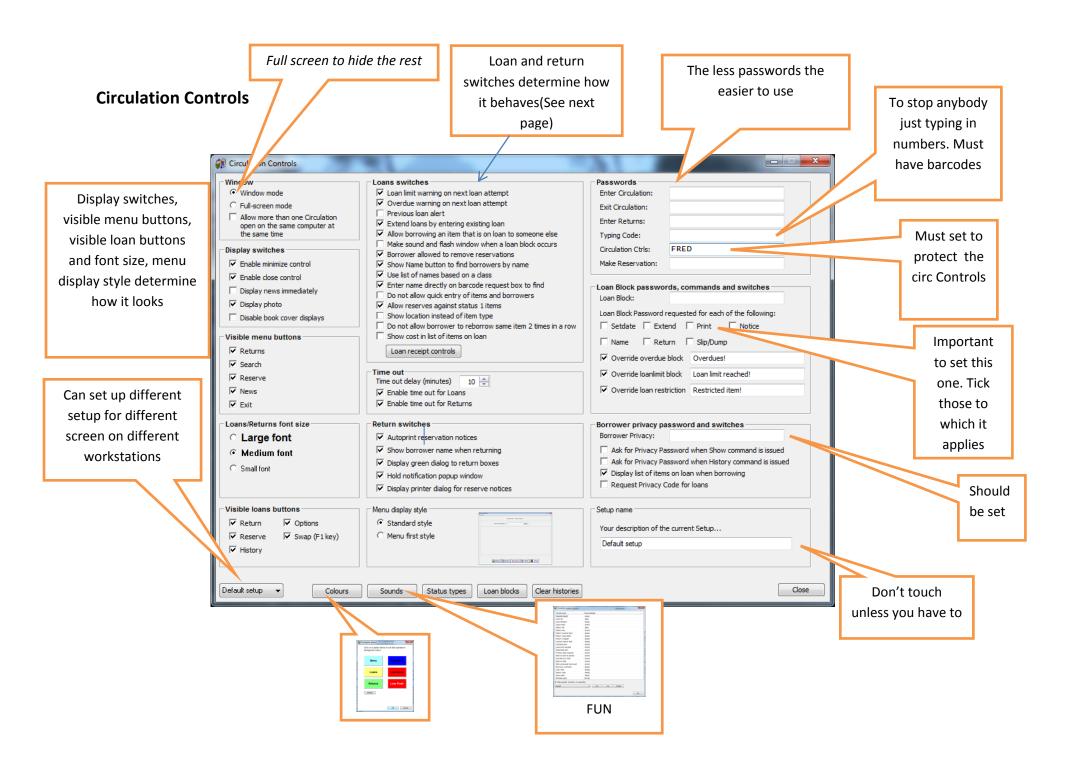
System parameters

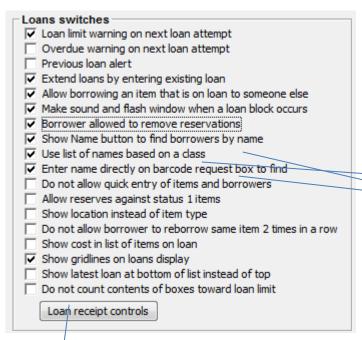
The introductory course will cover General Controls, Circulation Controls, Passwords, Search Controls, Borrower Types, Cataloguing Lists and Due Dates.

Controls









Turning these on makes it quicker to find people without using the barcodes. Enter name directly may be passworded with the loan block password



Return switches

Autoprint reservation notices

Show borrower name when returning

Display green dialog to return boxes

Hold notification popup window

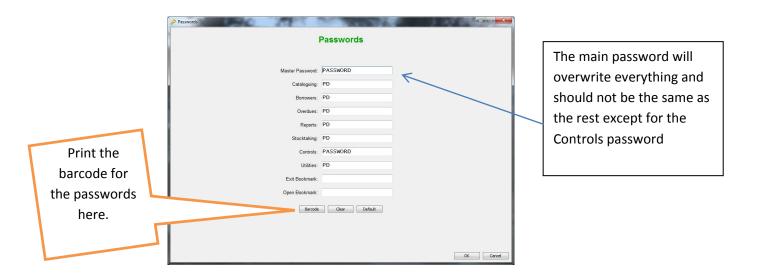
Display printer dialog for reserve notices

Passwords

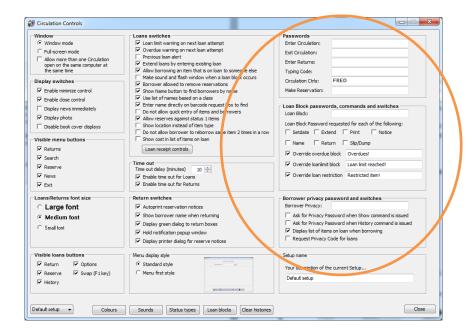
The general rule is the fewer the better, but it depends on the size of the school and the need for security within the school. The more passwords there are the harder it will be to operate simply. But the school determines what is required in the way of passwords. One useful supporting feature is to turn the passwords into barcodes, which can be issued on a needs basis .

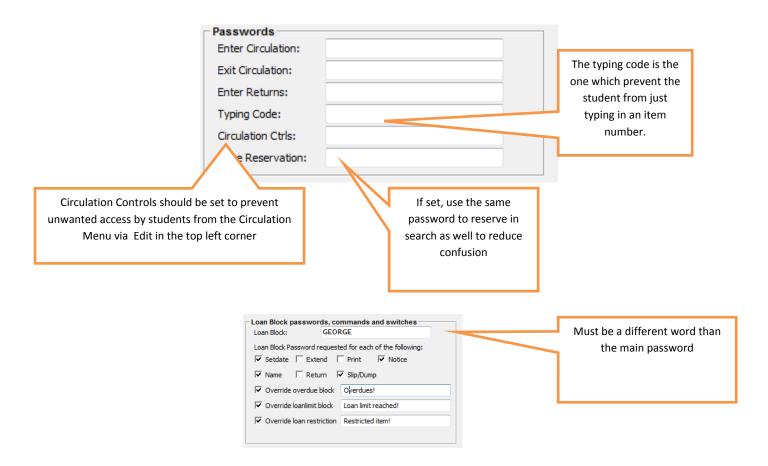
One reason it is so strongly passworded is so that the students can issue and return their own materials without damaging anything.

In the past there was the password and the access code. The access code was the first and last letter of the main password. It is easy to remember. When converting from version 9 it is carried over in the same way.



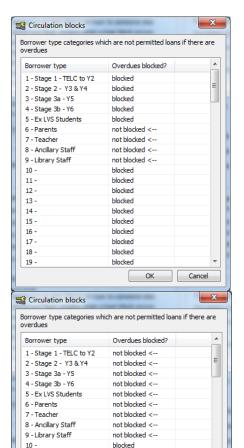
There are also passwords in Circulation Controls and Public Access Controls.



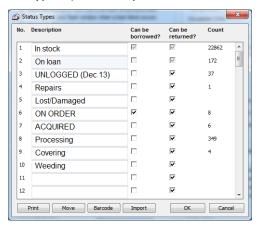


The ticked boxes are where it will ask for the password.

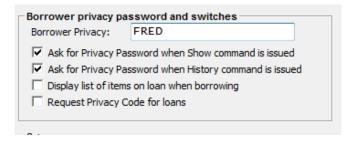
It will also ask for the loan block password for overdues for blocked borrowers. Usually students are blocked and staff aren't stopped from borrowing if they have overdues, but that is a school decision, and dependent on what is set in Borrower tables. (the main password will work too)



It will also ask for an override password if someone tries to borrow a book that is not allowed to be borrowed, as set up by status types. (The main password will work here too.)



Some schools will make up a card with the override password and put it on a lanyard to be passed out, then returned, on a "needs" basis. The teacher does not need to know the word and no one can "adjust" the system when no one is there.



Different states have different rules about borrower privacy. Read the manual and find out the requirements that apply to the individual situation.

The password in this section apply to Circulation and Public Access

Public access passwords

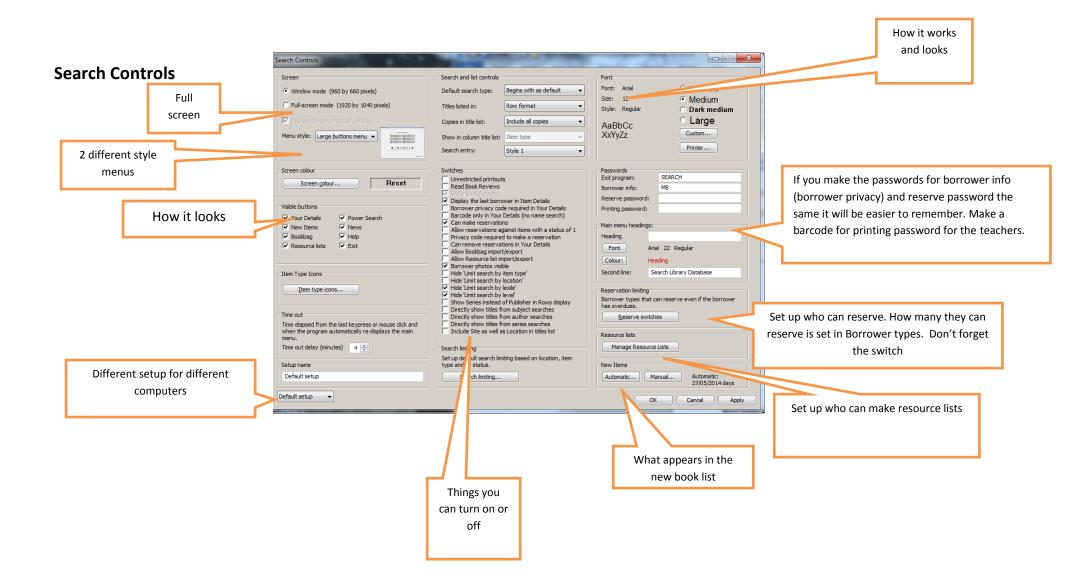


To make it easier to remember passwords make the borrower info the same as for Circulation Controls.

Make the reserve password the same as for Circulation Control "make reservation" passwords. There are switches which will turn on or off the need for the various passwords. E.g. To restrict printing from Public access

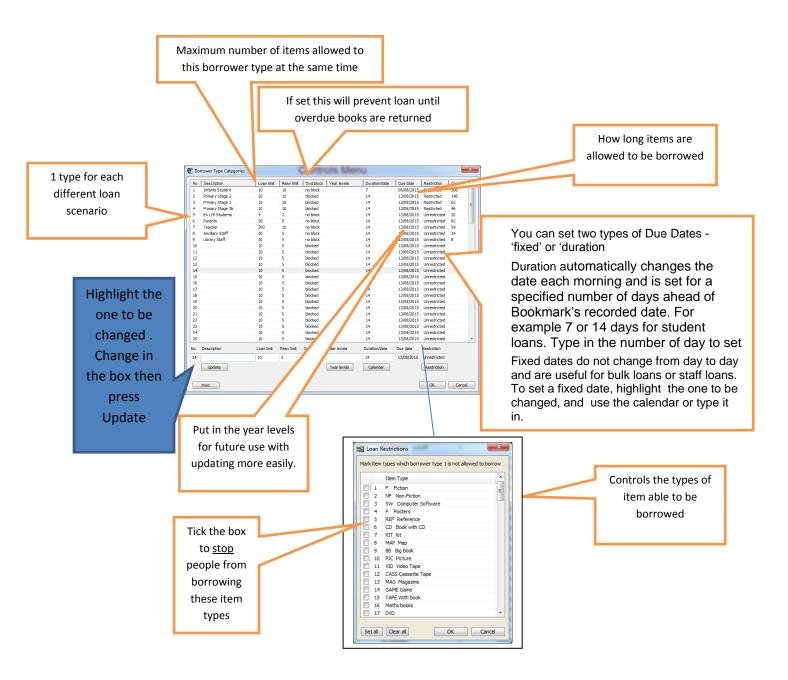
| Switches |
|---|
| ✓ Unrestricted printouts |
| Read Book Reviews |
| ✓ Write Book Reviews |
| ✓ Display the last borrower in Item Details |
| Borrower privacy code required in Your Details |
| ☐ Barcode only in Your Details (no name search) |
| ✓ Can make reservations |
| Allow reservations against items with a status of 1 |
| Privacy code required to make a reservation |
| Can remove reservations in Your Details |
| ✓ Allow Bookbag import/export |
| ✓ Allow Resource list import/export |
| ▼ Borrower photos visible |
| ☐ Hide 'Limit search by item type' |
| ☐ Hide 'Limit search by location' |
| ☐ Hide 'Limit search by lexile' |
| ☐ Hide 'Limit search by level' |
| Show Series instead of Publisher in Rows display |
| ☐ Directly show titles from subject searches |
| ☐ Directly show titles from author searches |
| ☐ Directly show titles from series searches |
| ✓ Include Sublocation as well as Location in titles list |
| ☐ Display Collection (Genres) instead of Location in titles |
| Show cost in item details |
| Show Loans History button in item details |
| Hide borrower numbers in Your Details |
| Can reserve by borrower name |

Remove the tick from the switch Unrestricted printout, and it will ask for the printing password.



Borrower types.

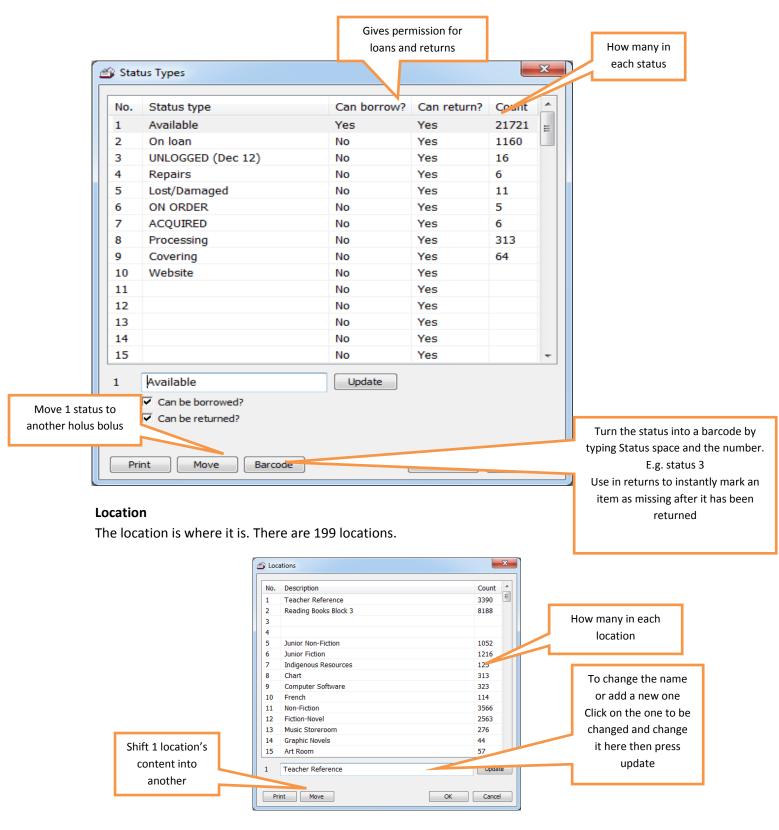
These set the limits of what people can borrow and what they are allowed to do within Bookmark.

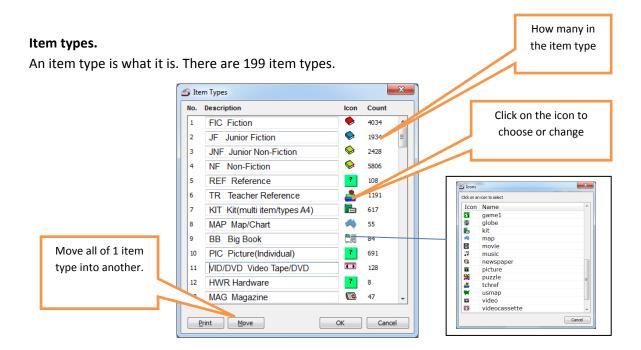


Cataloguing lists

Statuses

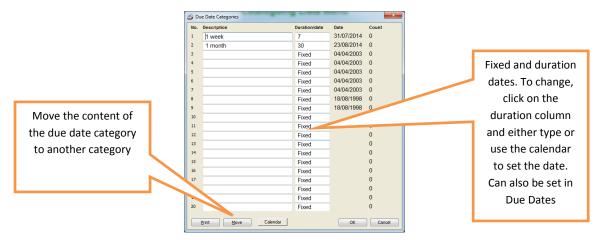
The status indicates the items current state or condition. 1 is on the shelf. 2 is on loan and 99 is not for loan. Status 100 is on hold for reservations.





Due date categories

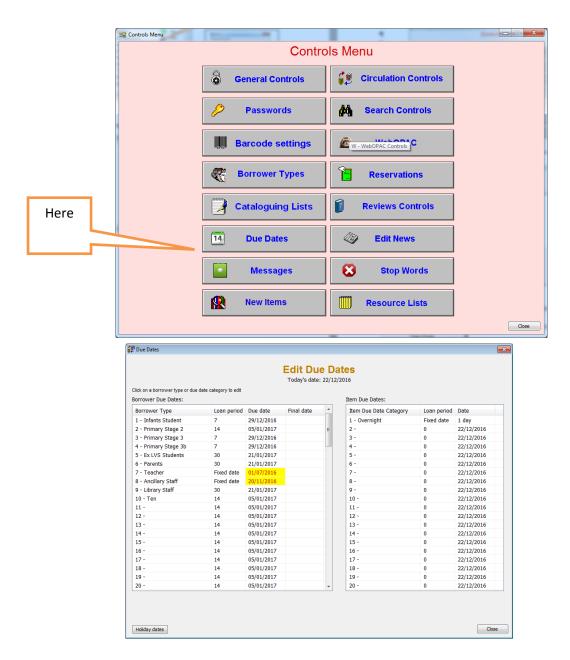
This applies to individual books and override the borrower's due date.



Due Dates in Bookmark

The primary determinant of the due date is the borrower.

There can be two sorts of due dates. Fixed dates, or duration dates (rolling, daily changing) dates. These are set in Due dates in Controls, Due dates, and there can be a reminder every morning for checking purposes. They can also be set in various other parts of the program. e.g. Circulation, Borrower tables and dates, Due date categories.

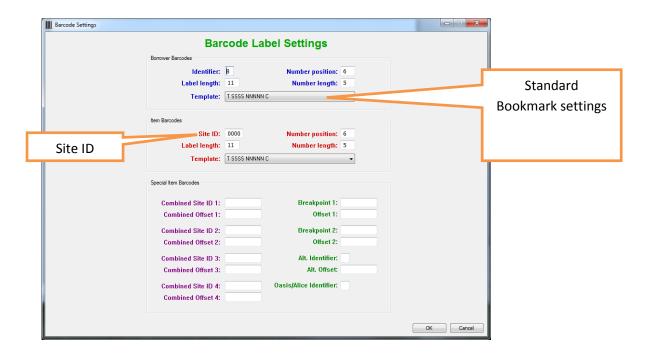


Click on the date to be change. Fill in the box at the bottom and press update to change them. Don't forget to save at the end.

This screen also appears at the beginning of each day, the first time Bookmark is turned on.

Barcode Settings

Most schools have a standard setting, but for schools converting from other library programs, the setting may be different. If the barcode reader does not work, check that the site Id is correct. Ring the Help Desk rather than playing in this area.



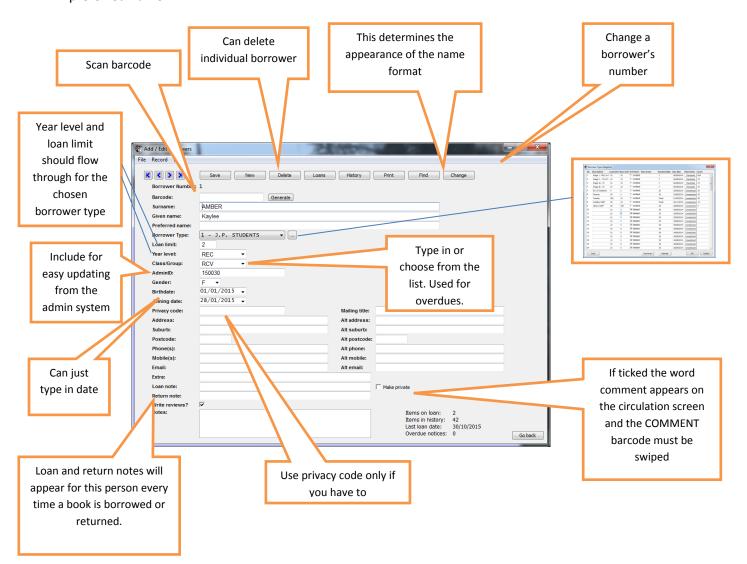
Entering Borrowers

This section covers entering borrowers in Add/edit, deleting borrowers, updating borrowers and labels

Add/edit borrowers



If in doubt leave it blank for anything except borrower type, surname and either given name or preferred name.



Deleting borrowers

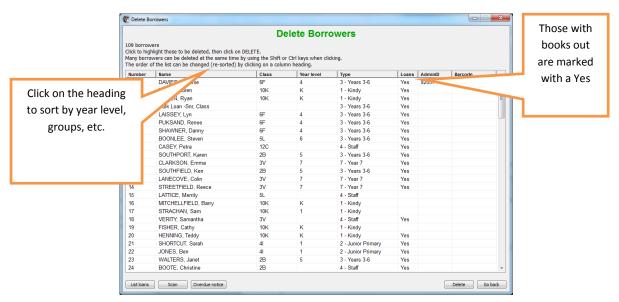
To delete the students leaving the school.

It is not a good idea to delete the students during the year. Just put them in a group called Left. At the end of the year, do the archive backup then delete the group called Left. That way there is a long term record of their presence and loans.

To delete the group called left or the top year leaving the school.

Go to Borrowers Delete borrowers





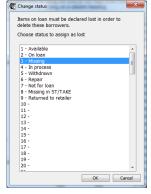
Highlight the borrower/s to be deleted. Use the SHIFT key or the Control key to highlight "blocks" of borrowers. Those highlighted with be deleted.

Press the delete key. Are you sure? Yes.

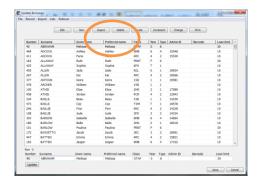
The screen will then ask

What to do with the books on loan? Mark then as missing.....

When it is done those borrowers will no longer be on the list.

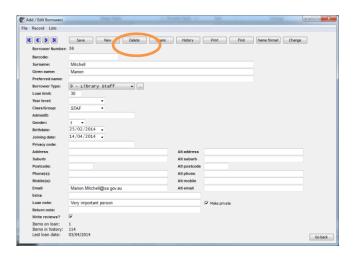


In Borrowers, Update borrowers people can also be deleted, one at a time..



Highlight the one to be deleted. Change it in the box along the bottom press Update and it is done.

In Add/Edit there is also a delete button.



Updating borrowers/Rollover

The three borrower fields that require change are:

- a> The borrower type determines the number of loans and the length of time borrowed. So you only need one type for each loan period and loans.
- b> The group name is the class into which they are going, and is used for overdues. When there are no longer any borrowers in a group it will disappear. If you have "leftover" students, make up a group called odds or left, and put them there.
- c> The year level is their standard of academic achievement and is used for statistical reasons. Check to see that the term of entry is standardised. e.g. 1, or 01 etc.

There are different ways of doing this: manually, or through the school admin system data.

Reminder: BACKUP before you start doing updating or importing information!

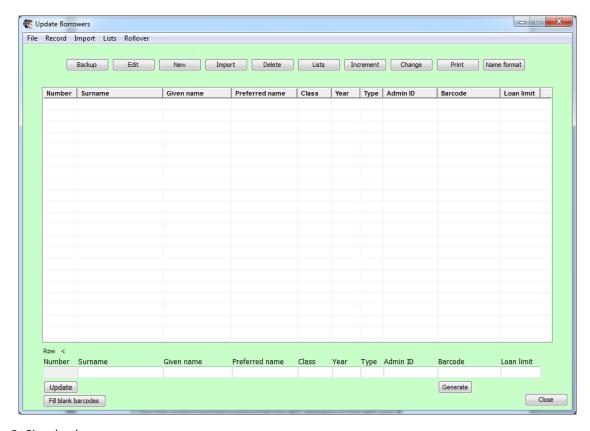
Delete departed students manually.

To update Borrowers manually.

Do not update the entries one by one in add/edit.



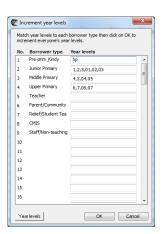
1, Go to update Borrowers



2. Simple change

Click on the one to be changed. Change in the box along the bottom of the screen and click Update. At the end click Save to save them all.

2. Increment

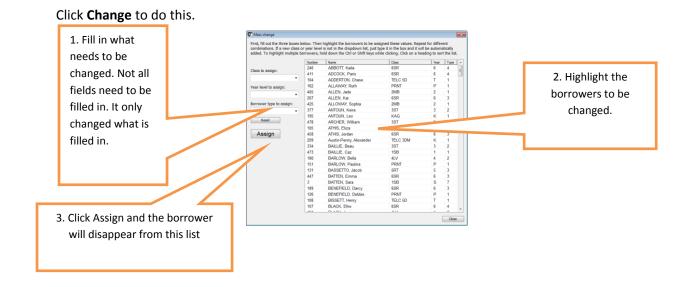


Make sure that the correct year levels are in the correct borrower types. Say ok.



Say yes and everybody will be a year level higher. That takes care of the year level and borrower type. The student must then be put into classes.

OR



To update borrowers using the school admin system data

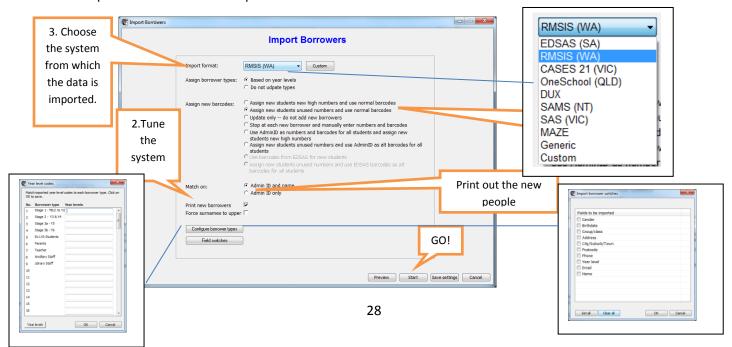
Getting the file from the admin system. Each administration database has a different set of steps for producing. Refer to that education system's information on how to export the data.

For EDSAS and RMSIS, fact sheets are available from the respective education authorities.

For CASES 21, use the "Bibliotech" export. It works for Bookmark, too.

A Factsheet is available on request containing detailed information about each of these formats.

- 1.In Bookmark the student admin ID must be filled in (in Update borrowers).
- 2. Then the system must be tuned so that the right data goes to the right spot.
- 3. Then import the data.
- In Update Borrowers click Import



Preview show a list of who is in the file.

Start asks where the file is and then shows the first borrower with the option of save, Mass import

or next

Save will save the person whose details appear on the screen.

Mass import will import everybody. Before this button is pressed check that the right information is in the right field.

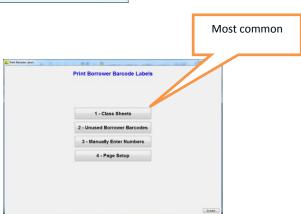
Next will move to the next borrower without saving.

Lists

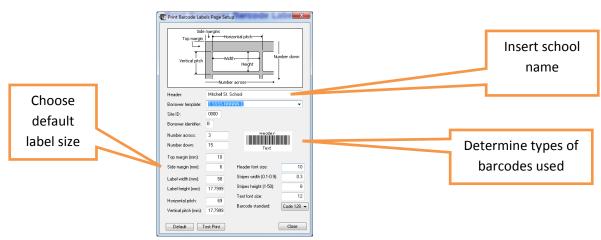


Borrower labels/barcodes.





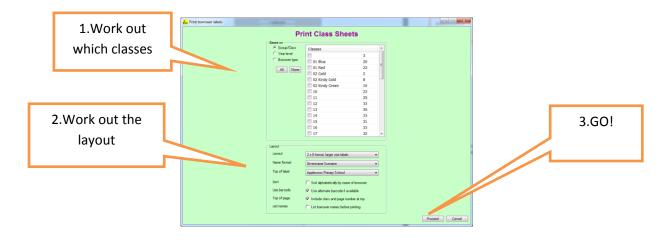
Page setup In print barcode labels first, the page setup has to fit the labels in stock if printing to labels.

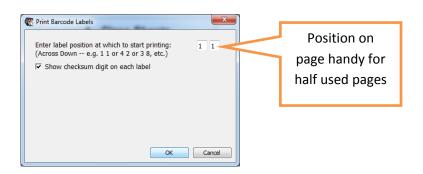


If not using any of the default labels much playing around on paper first to get them right, needs to be done. Ring the Help Desk for assistance. If printing class sheet only the header and barcode style are critical. Once setup the only time it needs changing is if different size labels are ordered.

To print a class sheet.

Go to Borrowers, labels, Print Barcode labels, Print class sheet





Next show check sum (yes is the answer)then a print preview pops up. Press print, and it is done.

Cataloguing

This section will deal with Add/edit, Import items, Delete items and spine labels.

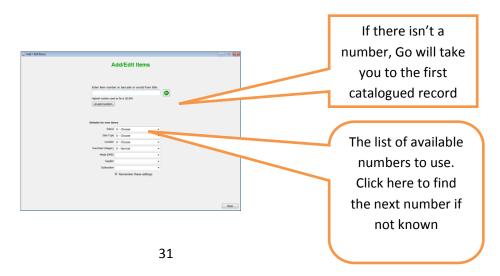
Cataloguing is done according to AACR2(Anglo-American cataloguing Rules), and more recently RDA. RDA has added fields, media type, content types, media type and carrier type. Click on the down arrow on the right of these fields to see the options available. RDA does not have abbreviations e.g. ill. Or illus for illustrations or illustrator. Instead of Bible. O.T. for Old Testament it is now the full word e.g. Bible. Old Testament.

For punctuation pedants http://www.rda-jsc.org/docs/BCLAPresentationWithNotes.pdf

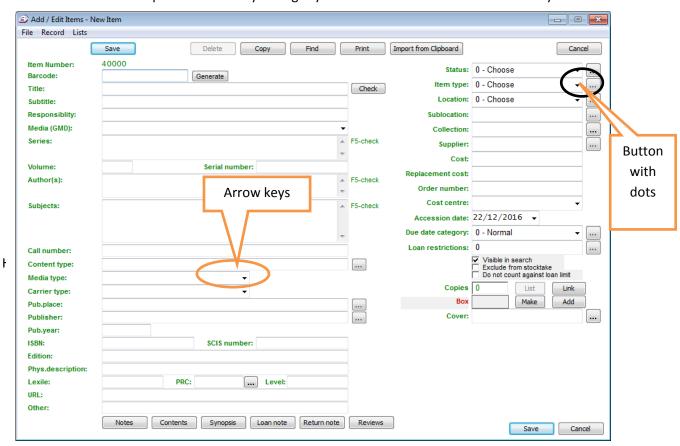
For those who just want to make the item findable the rule is **fill in what you understand**. If you don't know what it is leave it out. **The fields that <u>must</u> be entered are title, number item type, location, status and. The field that should be entered as well are barcode, author (if it has one), isbn and cost** However try to add as much as you can.eg isbn is very useful for adding covers.

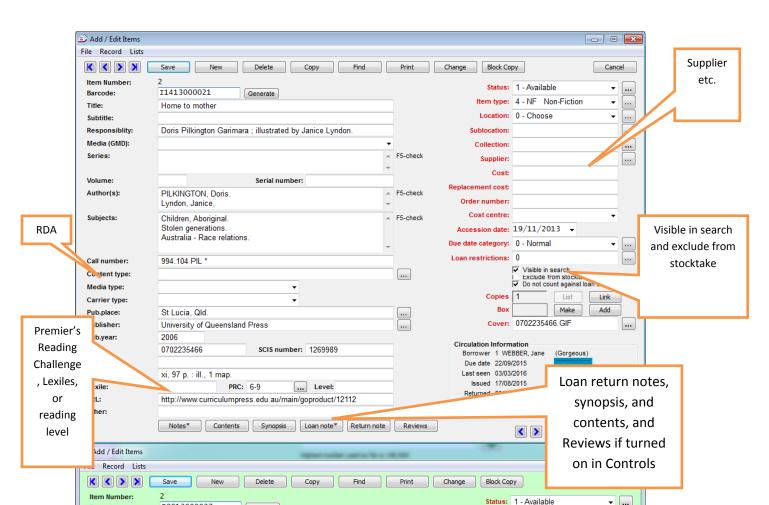


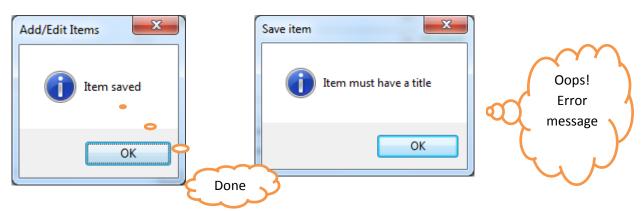
Go to Cataloguing/Add/edit items and scan the barcode or type in the item number



The arrow keys on the end of fields allow checking or options. The buttons with the dots allow amendment of the fields presented. It may be slightly slow as it must load the file into the system.







If it is part of a reading scheme or even a grade level, there are extra fields for this.

Collection is for instance if purchased by the parent's club, or for the History Department, the Bert Fitz archival collection.

Synopsis is a summary of the story.

Notes is there for whatever.

Contents is useful if for instance there is a single chapter that is very useful, but nothing else covers it. E.g. a kit with three books with different titles enter the titles in the Contents field so they are keyword searchable.

Loan and return notes can be used e.g.. check the cd is inside the back cover envelope; this is only available for short term loan.

Visible in search should usually be ticked.

Exclude from stocktake is useful for websites, catalogued computer documents,

Authors, subjects and series are entered into an authority file so that they are the same each time they are used. Press F5 to check. Periodically (preferably once a term) the authority files should be reindexed and rebuilt to speed searching and to help accuracy in searching in public access.

For more information on the fields read the version 10 cataloguing manual

Multiple copies of a book.

There are three ways of cataloguing copies. It really depends on how many copies and what barcodes were used.

Two simple ways for one or two or three copies.

This applies to close copies, but the close copy must be unlinked.

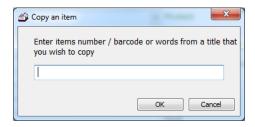
The first way.

Catalogue the first one.

Go to the empty screen of the barcode attached to be used for the next copy. Press the copy button

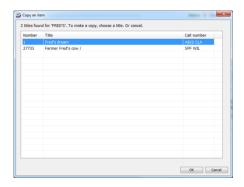


The following notice appears.



If a barcode number is typed or scanned the record will be copied to the new number. Make any additions, alterations, or other changes, and press save.

Typing a single word it will bring up a list of all books with those words in the title.



Choose the one that corresponds, to the search, and press enter and the record will be copied to the new number.

Press save.

These items are now linked for reservations purposes.

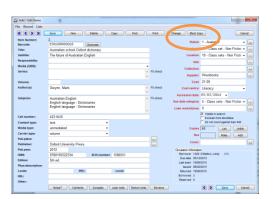
The second way.

Go into the record of the item already catalogued and press the copy button. Type in the record number of the new copy. The record will be copied into the new number. Change to suit and press Save.

Block copy

This is where there are 20 copies of the same reader with consecutive barcodes. Catalogue the first item, pressing save .

Then Click onto Block copy



Enter the next items number. Enter the last item number and press ⁶⁰¹ to catalogue all records between the two numbers.



Close copy cataloguing.

This is similar to copy cataloguing except that you unlink before saving. Linking is only for exact copies.



Boxing

This is used for item to be lent as 1 e.g. reading boxes.



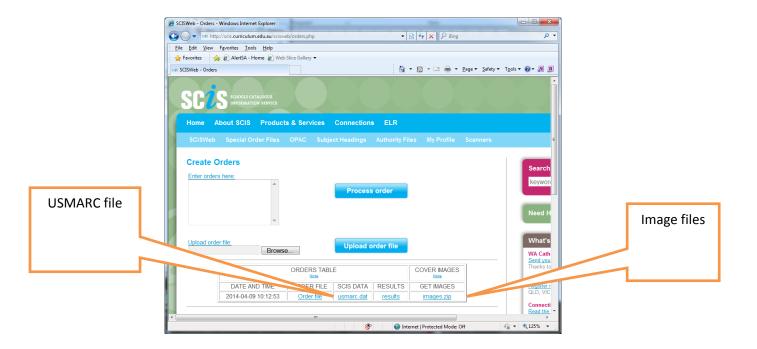
Catalogue the container. Catalogue the individual parts. Then put the parts into the container, by clicking make a box in the container's entry in Add/Edit. When it is lent scan the container barcode to issue out all items. When returning the item scan the container barcode, count the items, and type or scan the word BOX to return the contents. If they are items missing, return each item individually and the missing ones will still be issued out to the borrower.

Importing from SCIS

Check Controls / General Controls for the default switches which determine how the data is imported.

For problems creating or downloading the file to the system ring SCIS on 1800 337 405 For problems importing the data ring the Bookmark help Desk. There is a file requestor fact sheet on the webpage.

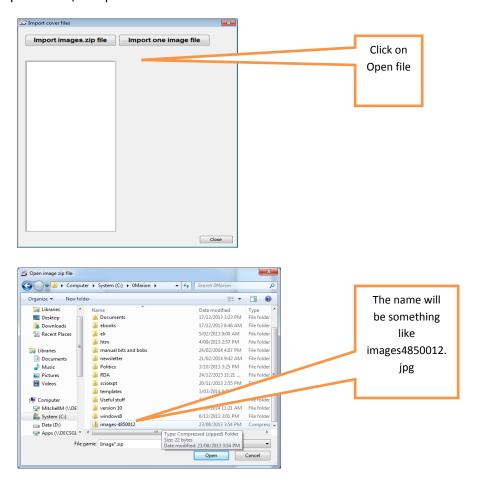
The files to download from Scis are the USMARC files, and the images.zip files from the orders table. Double click the files to save them. Put them somewhere where you can find them again.

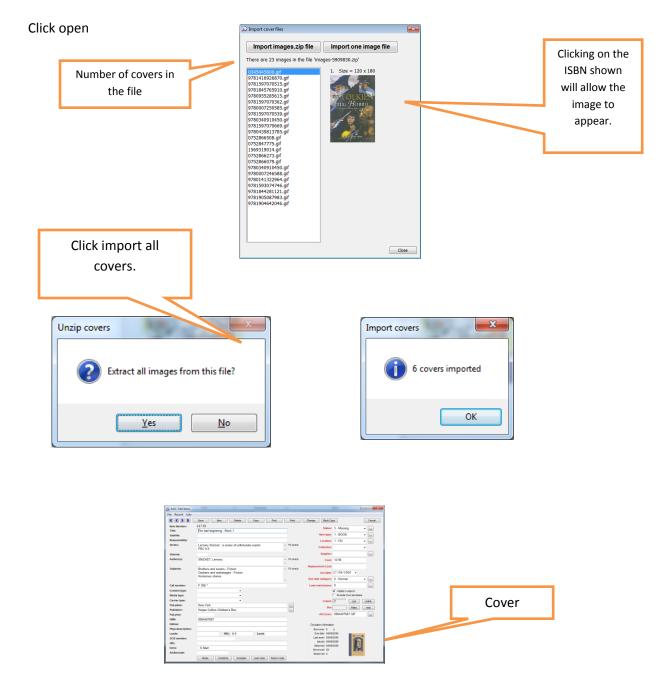


Import the covers first, so that it is possible to see which books have covers as the books are imported.

Importing the covers

Go to Cataloguing, Import items, 3 Import covers.





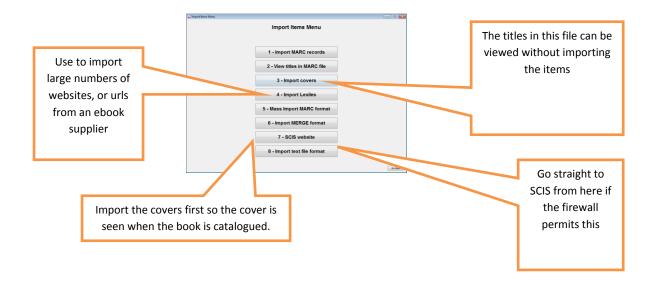
There is a way to catch up on all the covers from earlier cataloguing. Advanced course.

Now to catalogue the books.

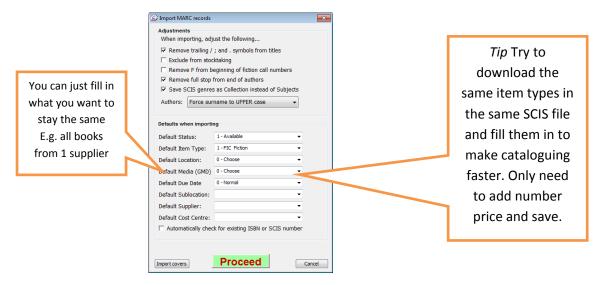
Go to Cataloguing Import items.



The next box will appear. Choose 1 Import Marc records.



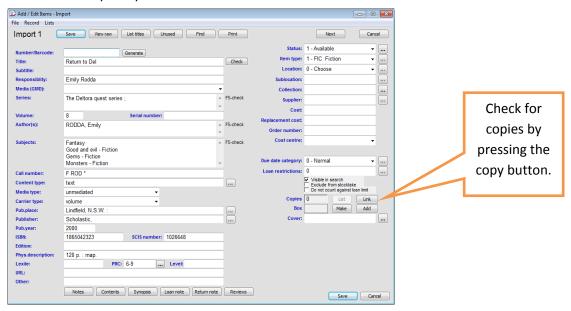
After pressing 1. Import MARC records. The program can set further defaults if importing the same item type, location and status Trailing punctuation e.g. some data from SCIS may have extra punctuation.eg. SCIS recommends leaving it unticked.



Then to find the file....This all depends on where it was saved and the security on some systems does not allow the user to choose where to save the file. The easiest place to save and find the file again is on a usb. There is also a folder in the Bookmark folder labelled SCIS. The file can be stored there.(These files are not backed up).



The next screen will hopefully be



SCIS will fill in the information as much as it can, but the parts pertaining to the specific library must be filled. ie the barcode number, the item type, the location, and the cost and any other missing information. Check for copies and link them. This is done for reserving items only.

Press the Save button to save,. DONE . If successful the next record will appear. In unsuccessful, an error message will appear.

Deleting items

Deleting and undeleting items

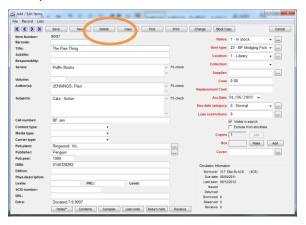


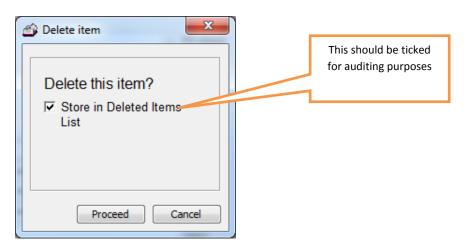
Before deleting an item. Or multiple items check with the auditor about reporting requirement. Do **not** delete a book by erasing the information in Add/Edit.

Weeding has other considerations. See the weeding factsheet for version 10.

Method 1.

Choose Cataloguing, Add/Edit press the delete button.



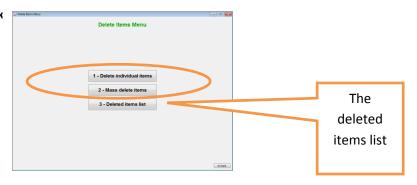


Say yes and it is done.

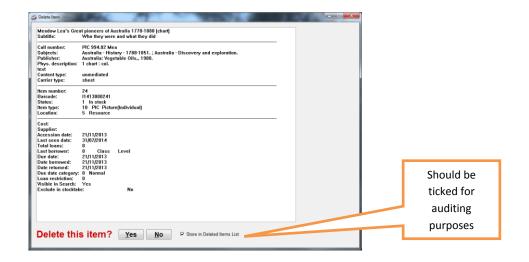
Method 2.

Go to cataloguing, delete items

To delete a single book



Choose 1 delete individual item

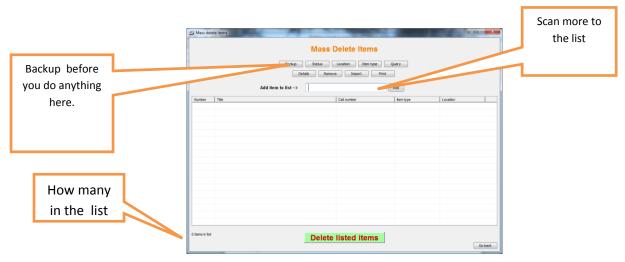


Type in the number to be deleted, and the record will be shown. Choose delete this item and it will be deleted. It should be stored in the deleted items list. Different states/system have different rules about how long data should be stored.e.g. SA says 7 years for state schools. Once the item is in the deletion list it is no longer part of the library collection.

Method 3.

Mass deleting

Go to Cataloguing, Delete items, Mass delete.

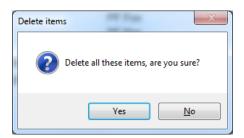


It is possible to delete by:

- item type
- location
- status
- formulating a query
- scanning in a pile of barcodes of items.

The items to be deleted will be in the list.

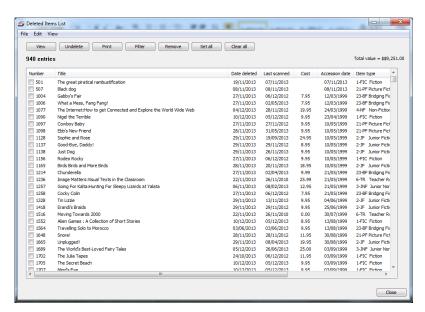
Items can be removed from the list by highlighting the item/s and clicking remove. When the list is complete press the delete listed items button



The program will show each item as it is deleted, and the previous screen will appear when it is done. These items will then be in the deleted items list.

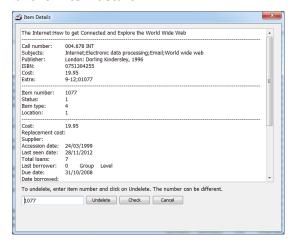
Restoring a deletion.

Go to Delete items/The deleted items list



Tick the items to be undeleted and click undelete. This will put the item back into the same number. If the number has been reused it will not be undeleted.

Double clicking the item with show item details.



Check the number by clicking the Check box. Click Ok, then undelete. If the number has been reused by another item a message will appear and the item will not be undeleted.



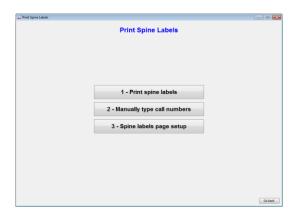
If a number of items are to be undeleted, tick the entries to be undeleted. Click undelete and they will be done.

Printing Spine labels.

The easiest way is to order the pre-set sizes listed in default settings. There is an order form for spine labels under barcode label ordering form on the Bookmark web page. In Cataloguing/ Labels Print spine labels.



There are then 3 choices...



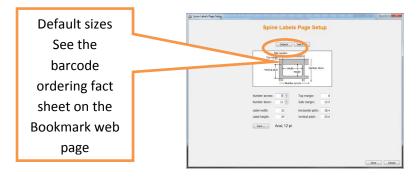
Check the Spine labels page setup the first time, after which it should not have to be touched again unless the label type is changed. Test prints can be made on paper and line up the paper on top of the labels until it is correct.

TIP Go into spine labels page setup, and barcode labels page setup and do a ALT-Printscreen, and control V to paste it in a Word document to save it for future reference, in case the setting are lost.

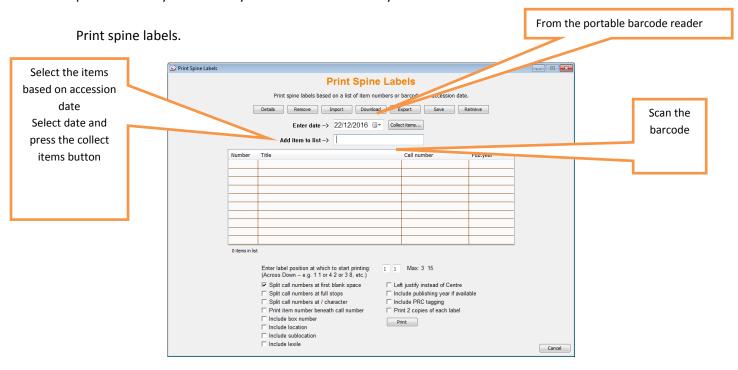
Setting up(4. Spine label setup).

The type of spine labels to be used must be set up so that it prints them in the right spot. Until new spine labels are bought this is usually only done once.

If non-default labels are to be used. It will require patience to set it up. The setting that is most confusing is horizontal and vertical pitch. Ring the help Desk for assistance.



Once it is set up it would be good for the setting to be recorded on paper somewhere so that it perchance they are lost they can be re-entered easily.



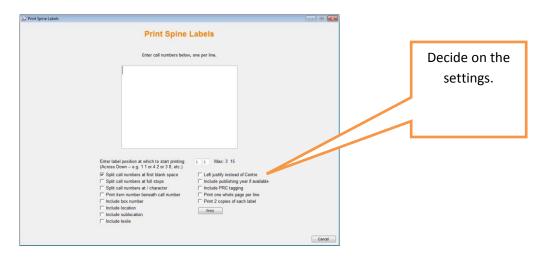
The item that will have printed spine labels will appear on the screen. The label will not print if there is no call number.

Make decisions about the way the numbers are to be printed Click the print button.

Done.

Printing spine labels manually

Type in the numbers. Tell the program how to print them, e.g. multiple lines, etc, and press print. The spine labels setup page applies to this screen as well.



Press print. What you see is what you get. Done.

Printing a page of the same label

The spine label printing system can also print the same label in every cell on a page. This can be used to create a page of "stickers" for example.

To do this, tick the box labelled "Print one whole page per line".

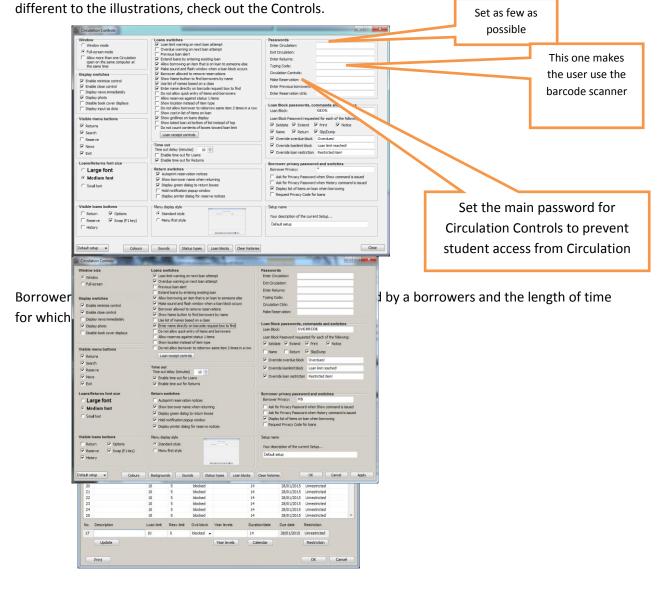
Each line typed into the white box is printed on an entire page.

Circulation

This section deals with borrowing, returning, extend and reserving a book

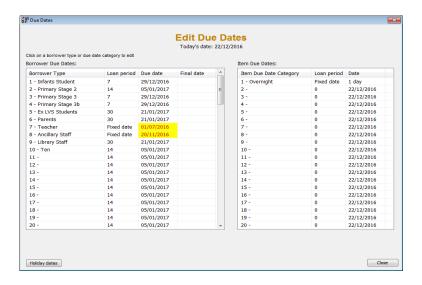
Borrowing a book.

The basic action is simple. In loans Scan the borrower name, scan the item and it is done. Circulation is controlled by the Circulation Controls in Controls and Borrower types.. This determines what appears on the screen. Things can be easily hidden .If the screen on the computer looks



Item due date categories can override borrower due dates. This is set in cataloguing add/edit against specific items.

The date screen reads from the computer it is appearing on, to determine the current date, and time.



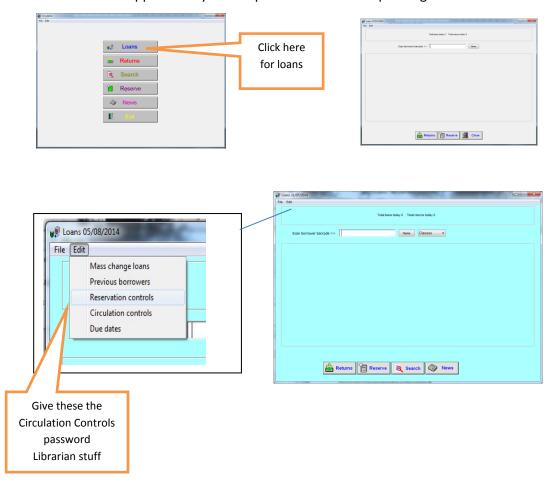
The barcode setting determines what the barcode scanner reads. This is set up depending on the types of barcode used in the school.

Hint In Controls, do a screen dump of the barcode setting and print them out, when it is known that they are working to give a comparison basis if they stop working.

If Circulation is clicked and it doesn't even go to loans **RING the Help Desk**. Either the program is having a hiccup or the data has a problem.

Borrowing the item

The screen that appears may come up in either format depending on the switches



Step 1. Scan the borrower number...

Don't have the borrower number .

Click Name. This may or may not be passworded depending on the Controls in Circulation Controls. The override password may have to be entered. The name entered may be the given name or the surname. Highlight the person required and press ok. If name and /or class button doesn't appear check the switches.

What can go wrong with the borrower number?

The number flashes up then disappears.

Cause

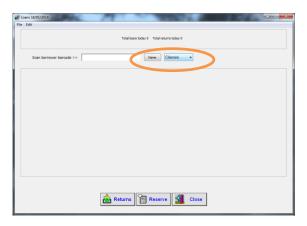
The borrower is not registered? Check Borrower/ add/edit to make sure the borrower is registered. If the number is typed in, does it work? If so, check the barcode specification in Controls Barcode setting to check for corruption.

Scan the barcode again in a program called Notepad. If the numbers appear on the screen and just sit there the scanner is ok. If they do not appear there is a hardware scanner problem.

Did that barcode work before? Or is it a new one just printed? If the number is typed, does it work? If there is an error message? Ring the HELP Desk having written down the full message.

Doing class loans?

There is a switch is Controls/Circulations Control that allows a class list to be displayed.



Click on the button to list the classes.

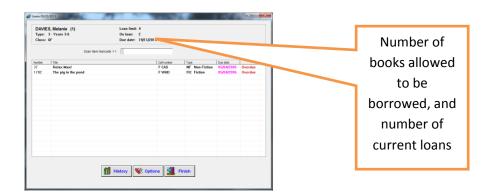
Choose the class.

The students will be listed. Choose the student.



Assuming the borrower numl

This borrower has two books overdue- 4 books is the limit for this borrower.



After scanning the item barcode for the next book this message may appear, depending on the loan block settings in Borrower types. This is a chance to notify the person about returning their books, refuse to lend more until they do, or use the override password to allow them to borrow more books. That is an administrative decision.



Other stops to borrowing-

Restricted item. There are two ways to restrict items.

- 1. Using the loan restriction against a book in Add/edit.
- 2. Or using the restriction button against borrower types in Borrower type categories.
- 3. Book is reserved for someone else.
- 4. Book has a different status and the Controls Circ Controls switch is OFF

The Loan Block password to override these restrictions is in Controls in Circulation Controls HINT Turn this into a barcode so it may be scanned In Controls, passwords, Print passwords barcodes. That way the use of this password is controlled, and the word is not known, to increase security.

If the **sounds** are infuriating, turn them on or off except for the important ones. E.g. Loan blocked. Controls/Circulation Controls/Sounds.

Wrong due dates for items. The dates are set up in three places.

- 1 In the computer clock itself.
- 2. Or the due date for the borrower may be incorrectly set in Controls, Borrower tables and dates.
- 3. Or the book itself may have a due date category. Due date categories are set on Controls Item tables and dates, due date categories. Which due date category assigned to a book, is set in add/edit.

No barcode.

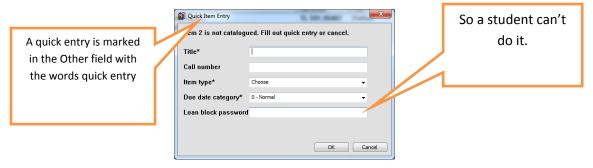
Type in the significant digits of the borrower or item barcode. E.g. B 1234 00**234** 8 the significant digits are 234

Providing the typing code is not set that should work. If the typing code in set in Controls, Circ passwords, type the code in front of the number to lend or return the book.



If the above message appears the book is not catalogued. You can create a quick entry for the book giving minimum details. When the book is returned it will say it is a quick entry so that it can be picked up for correct cataloguing.

HINT Set a different sound in Controls Circ Controls Sounds button so that there is a sound warning when it is returned.

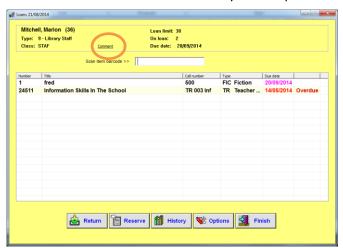


Loan notes and return notes.

A loan note can be set against the item(In cataloguing/Add/edit) or the borrower(in Borrower/Add/edit)

Just press enter or OK to get past it.

If it is a private note the word comment will appear under the person name. Scan the Comment barcode, or type the word COMMENT to see the note. It may also be passworded.



Borrowing a box.

A box is specially catalogued so that the whole box with is contents are lent in 1 action.

Borrowing the box just involves scanning the container's barcode.

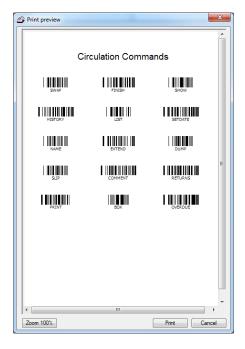
Returning is different. Scan the container's barcode, check the contents, and then scan the word BOX or type in BOX to return the contents, or alternately work with the popup window.

Security

If you have a problem with children using other people's barcodes you can set up extra security. Check the manual for the security settings.

It the children sneak in to return the books by just typing in the number this can be stopped by setting a typing code in Controls, Circ controls. Turn it into a barcode.

Circulation barcode labels

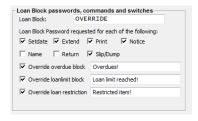


Circulation barcode labels.

A copy of these labels may be obtained by printing them from Cataloguing, Labels Print barcode labels: circulation labels. It is best to print from a laser printer as an inkjet may not print them finely enough for the barcode reader to be able to read them.

They can be used by scanning with the barcode reader or just typing in the letters of the word.

They can also be turned on or off in Controls/Circulation Controls/Loan Block passwords.



Swap

If in Loans in general it will go to the general returns screen and back again when you scan it again. Any item can be returned whilst in the returns screen.

This option may be turned on in Controls Visible buttons.

Finish

If in a specific borrower it will "finish" using any messages e.g. the following reserved item is available. If there are no messages it will take the screen back to the circulation menu.

Name

A child comes up to the library and the borrower barcode is not immediately available, and the name button is turned off, scan the NAME barcode . A password may be required if the switch in Controls is set.

Then type in either the given name, the surname or the first two or more letters of the name and the screen will list all borrows with that combination of letters. Highlight the one required and press enter to go to this person and continue with a loan etc.

Comment

There are two different types of borrower comment available in Bookmark, public, private

A public comment flashes immediately the user goes into loans. A private comment does not need to be readily displayed, but one that could prove helpful to the librarian. E.g. make sure this borrower reads books that are not too easy. In Borrower add/edit next to the loan note field, tick the make private box. Then when that borrower's name is opened in loans there will appear the word <u>Comment</u> and clicking on the word will bring up the password depending on the setting in Controls, Circulation Controls.



Slip and dump

These are turned on or off for continuous use in Controls Circ Controls Loan receipt controls. If you don't want to print from the circulation menu, password it in the Loan Block passwords.

For occasional use go into the borrower and type in either slip or dump to activate it. Issue loans and on exiting the borrower the current loans will print out if the printer is turned on. Slip prints out the *current* transactions in narrow format for the small transaction printers. Dump prints out the *current* transactions in standard format.

Print

PRINT prints out *all* loans of a particular borrower.

In loans enter the borrower number scan or type PRINT to get a printed list of all items on loan to that borrower. Password it to prevent indiscriminate printing. (Loan block password, tick print box)

List or Show

If the privacy switches in Controls is turned on, a user's loans are not shown in loans. But by typing in LIST or SHOW and then supplying a password these items are then visible.

Extend

In loans after calling up a specific borrower scan or type EXTEND to bring up a list of all loans to this borrower. Press the button that says Select ALL to mark them all then ok to extend them all. If you only wish to extend some items, highlight the selected items to mark them and press OK. A password may be requested after scanning EXTEND depending on current switch settings.

Status

Someone reports a book on loan as missing. Return the book, by manually typing in the password(with typing code if set). Scan the status barcode and type in the status number for lost. and change the item's status to lost without leaving the return's screen. A message confirming the change will appear on the screen. Typing the word STATUS space, and the number will also do the same thing. This method will also work for In repair status, or Weeding status.

To turn the lost status into a barcode, where there is no need to type in the number, go to Cataloguing Print barcodes <3>print barcode labels. Type in the word STATUS followed by a space and then the number for missing status (specific to the site) and press enter. This creates the barcode. Then return the book manually and straight after and scan the 'lost status barcode'. The book is quickly and easily marked as lost without leaving the circulation returns screen.

History

In Circulation, Loans go into a borrower's screen and scan the HISTORY label or type the word HISTORY to see the books read by this user.

Setdate

A borrower wants items for a time period other than usual loan period. Go into Loans into the borrower's name and type or scan SETDATE. Override passwords are required for this to work. Enter the required loan period. Scan the books. All books borrowed at this point in time will be due on the set date. Dropping out of the borrower will complete the process and the due dates will then be the normal dates relevant to that borrower.

Box

If a box container barcode is scanned, only the container will be returned. On it is ascertained that all content are present scan the BOX label to return the contents of the boxed item. In stocktaking, once it is ascertained that all content are present scan the BOX label to stocktake the contents.

Main/override password barcode.

Turn this into a barcode, to save having to type in constantly. Laminate a card, and keep it secure. This increases security as you don't have to tell anyone the main password, just give them the card, and retrieve it after. Same with the override password card.

To make the card, go to Passwords, an press the Barcode button, type in your password,, press enter/OK and it will print out a sheet of barcodes (without the word being written underneath)

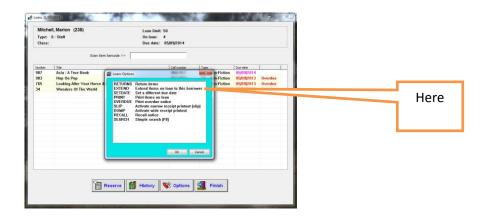
Extending a book.

The Controls covering this area are in switches, and the Loan Block passwords in Circulation Controls. The switches are "Extend by entering and item" and "Do not allow borrowing same item two times in a row." At the beginning of the year make sure the due dates have been changed first.

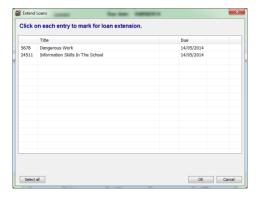
In Circulation, go into a borrower. If the correct switch is set the book can just be re-scanned or the item number re-entered to extend it.

OR

Click on Options highlight Extend.



The alternative is to type the word Extend(may be passworded), where it says Scan barcode

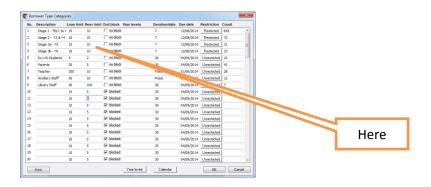


Click each item to be extended, and the word Extend will appear on the right. Press OK to extend the marked items, and providing the due date is correct they will be extended.

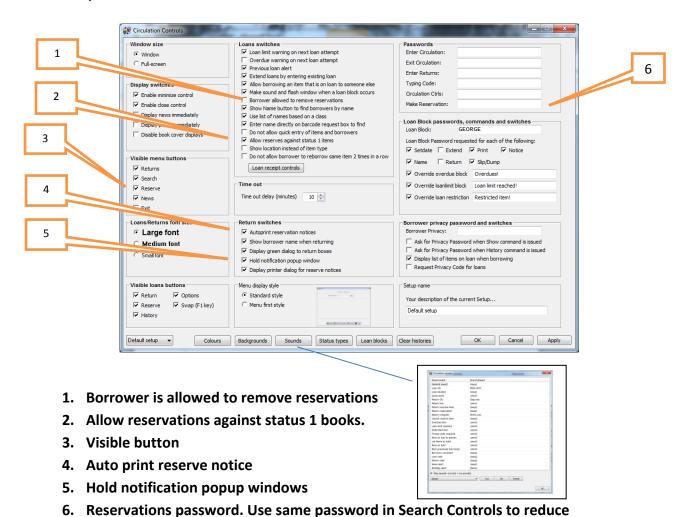
Reservations

To reserve a book the settings must be right and there are a lot of settings. The borrower has the number of reservations set in Borrower tables. There are different settings for Circulation and for Searching, since reservations can be made from both, either or not at all. It can be passworded or not. There are also settings against the items for the number of reservation that can be made against an item.

Control Borrower types



Controls, Circulation Controls

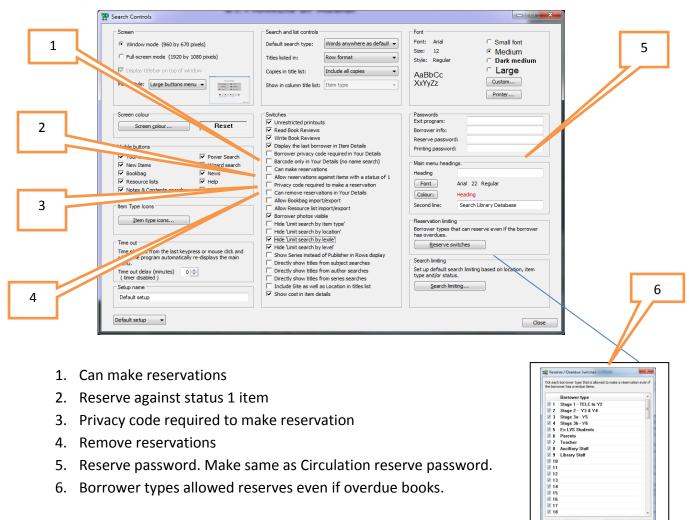


Sounds can be set for return reservations, and item on hold.

confusion.

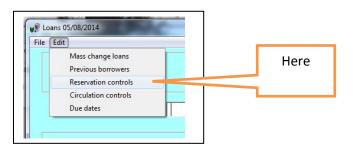
Make sure play sounds is ticked. Highlight the action. Choose a sound for the drop down list at the bottom. Set.

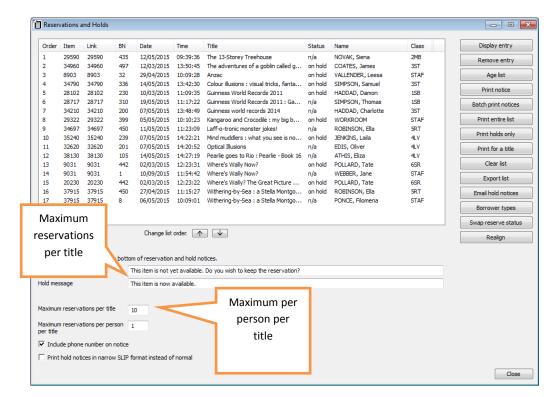
Controls/search Controls.



Controls, reservation Controls

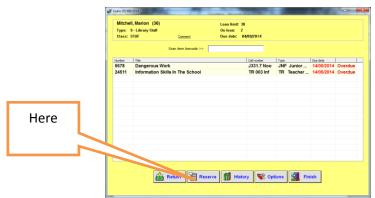
This screen can also be accessed from Circulation Loans, Edit in the top left corner.





To reserve a book.

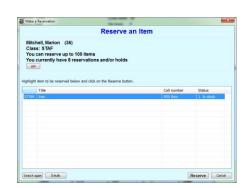
<u>In Circulation</u> go into the borrower and press the reserve button.



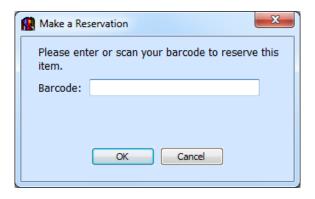
Enter the item nu



Done. It is reserved.



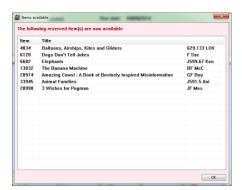
In Search, go into the book and go to details and press the reserve button. Enter the borrower barcode number.





If any book cannot be reserved a message will pop up. It is possible to see if a book is reserved in Search in Rows format, but not in columns format.

In Circulation message will remind a borrower that there is a book on hold.



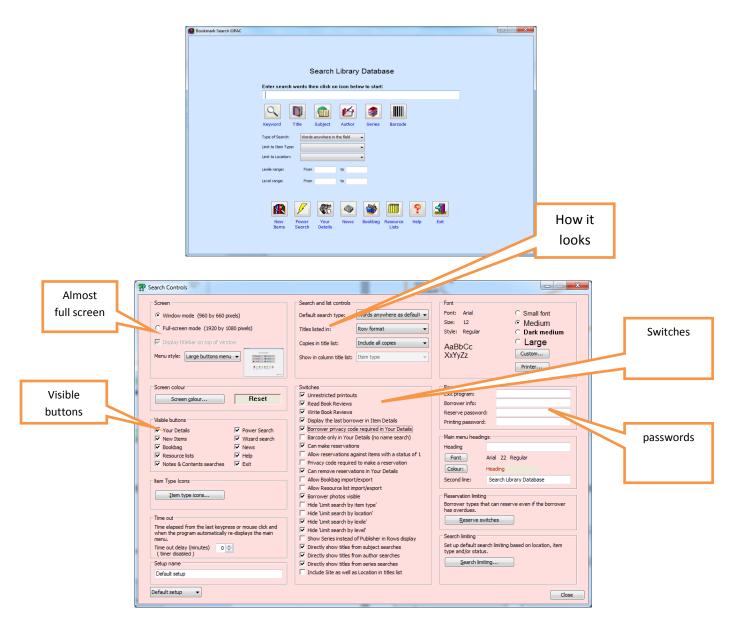
When a reserved book is returned a message will show, and if a sound has been set it will make the noise.



Search

How this works and appears is determined by Search Controls





Depending on the search screen type in your search and press enter .The buttons of the screen are determined in Search Controls

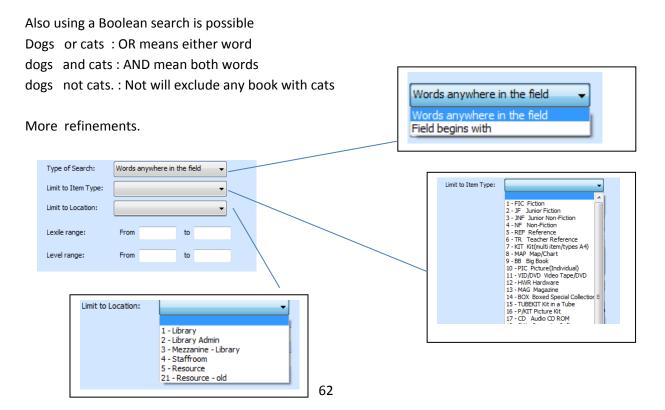


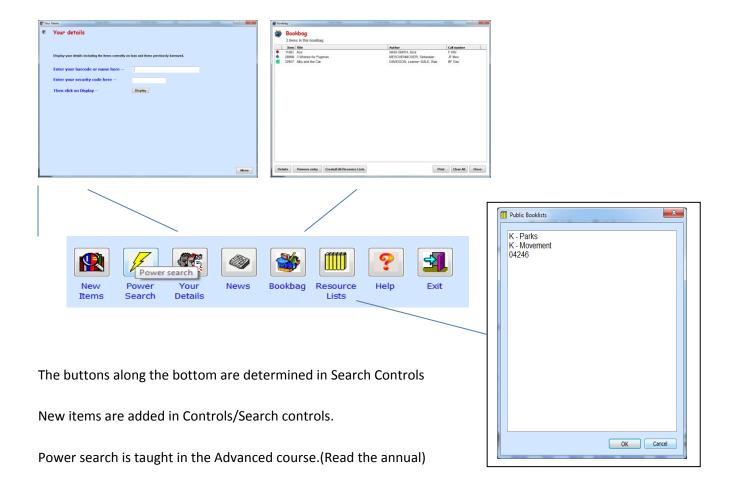
Keywords searches are the easiest.

Title, subject, author, series and barcode are more specific.

When doing specific searches using the asterisk will increase results

Dog versus Dog*





Your details can be turned off for privacy reasons or passworded.

News is written in the Control/edit news

The bookbag will only be active for 30 minutes on the computer on which it is created.

Resources lists permissions are set up in Controls, and created from the bookbag. Read the factsheet on the webpage. Advanced Course.

The result will show in either column format or row format



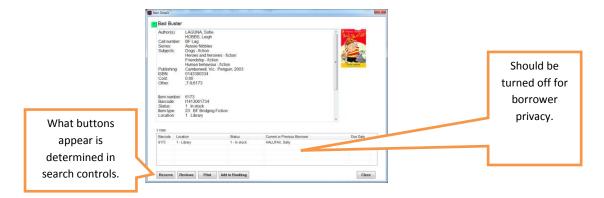


There are advantages and disadvantages to each.

Columns show more, and is scrollable. Columns can be sorted by clicking on the chosen heading. Show either item type or location.

Rows give more information, but less titles per page, and show the covers straight away. Shows both the item type, location and status. Items can be sent to the bookbag from this screen.

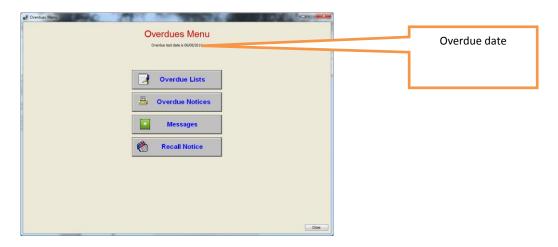
Clicking on the entry in both screen with show details, and allow reservations if turned on.



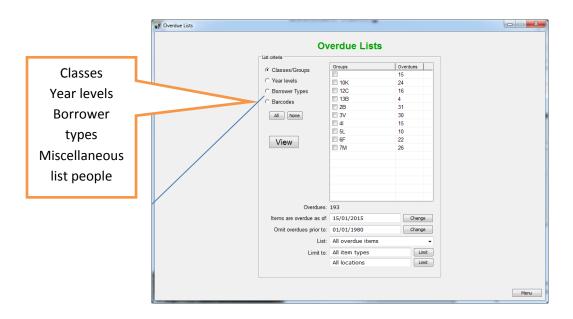
If a search does not show something that is known to be in the collection, check the search strategy, and then rebuild and reindex the authorities and indexes in Cataloguing /Rebuild and Reindex. Rebuilding and reindexing should be done each term.

Overdues

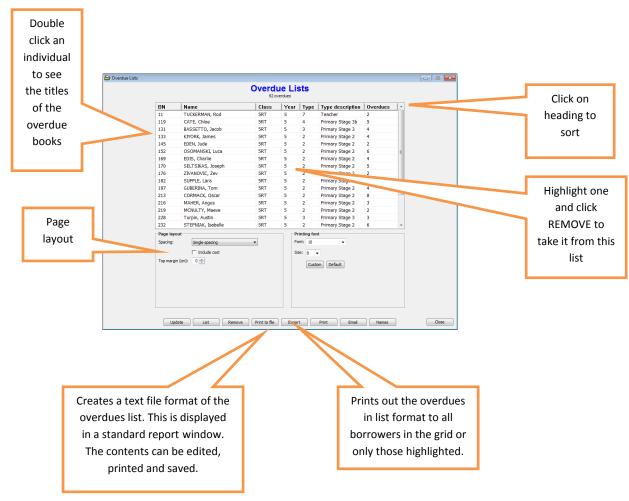
Overdues can be in the format list, or notices or an individual note



Overdue lists

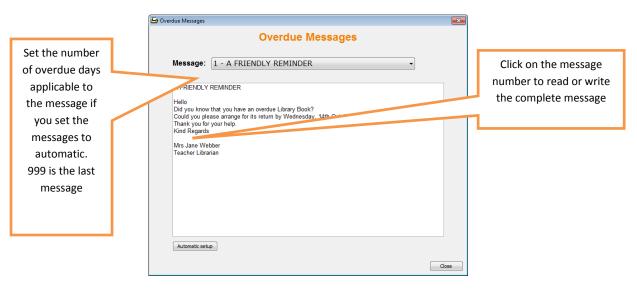


Tick the groups, year levels or borrower type you want, or scan the barcodes of the borrowers of interest. Then click view.

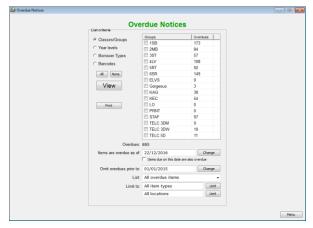


Overdue notices

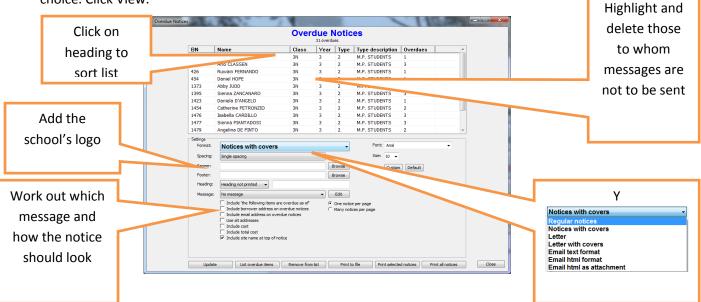
Set up the wording of the messages first in messages.



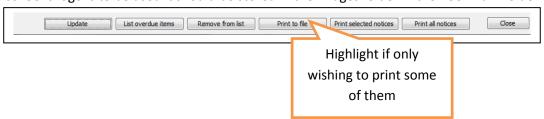
Overdue notices



Work whether it is to be done by group, year level, or type, and put the blue dot in the circle of choice. Click View.



If the school's logo is to be used it should be stored in the Images folder in the Bookmark folder



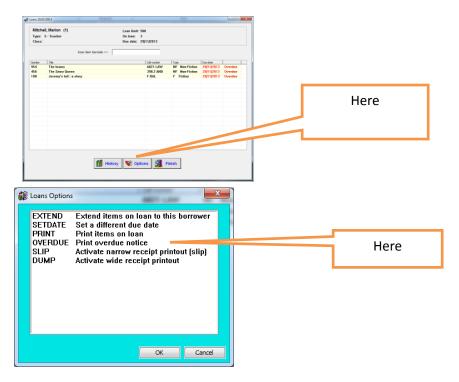
Remove takes the person from the list it doesn't change anything else.

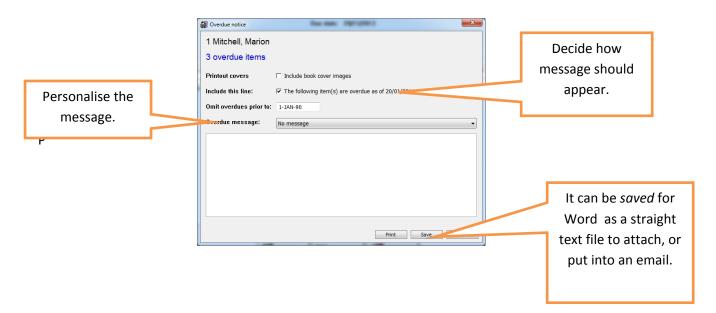


This will set the wording of the message to the number of days by which the book is overdue, as previously set in messages.

Single overdue for just 1 person

In *Circulation* call up the borrower. Choose Options. (If the overdue option does not show check the switches in Controls, Circulation Controls.

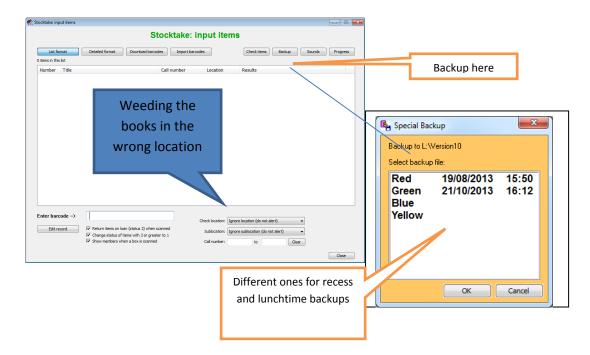




Stocktaking

The purpose of stocktaking is to account for resources. An ancillary task may be to winkle items back from those staff members who believe items to be their own personal property. But books don't necessarily have to be returned. It may also provide a chance to tidy the shelves, and most importantly, reduce the frustration level of students who can't find the items on the shelf by marking them as missing.

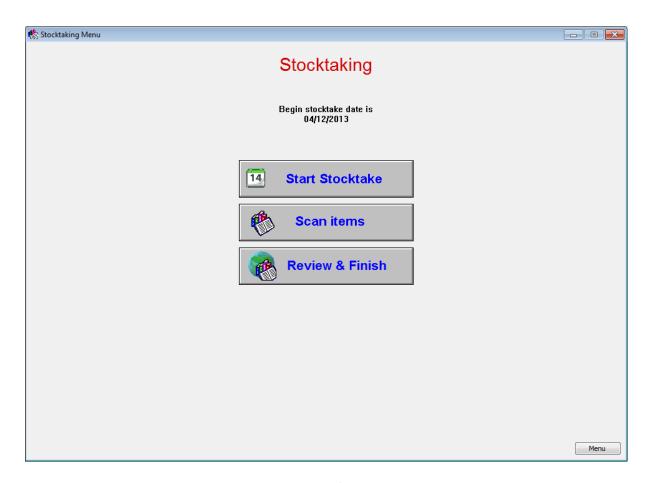
During stocktaking, it is a good idea to do at least a normal backup each night. In fact, extra hard disk backups during the day are even better. Mark the last book entered, then, do a special backup before recess time, and another mark on the book for the different lunchtime special backup to reduce repeat effort, should the computer have an unexpected hiccup. There is a backup button at the bottom of the screen for local disk backups. Then at night before leaving for the day, do the normal backup from Utilities. *Important: never back up if there is a problem!*



People can still borrow from the library while the stocktake is in progress. Turning the machine off at night will not lose anything. Make sure a normal usb backup is done each night. Several computers can be used at the same time to stocktake, but that also depends on the strength of the network.

A suggestion is to either tip up the books on the side and straighten them as you go, or vice versa, so that there is a ready visual cue as to what has been done or not done. As an added incentive, put a chocolate on the end shelf of each bay. Brandy might even be better, but it could produce skewed results by the end of the day and principal might frown on this practice. (Tip: invite him/her in to help).

If there isn't a portable barcode reader, plug the standard reader into a laptop, and scan the numbers into Notepad (in Accessories. Do **not** use Word) Save the file to a USB and download the items following the instructions in Import Items.



- Step 1. Make sure you update to the latest version of Bookmark.
- Step 2. Set "Can be returned" checkboxes in Controls / Cataloguing Lists / Status types so items can be returned when scanned. Create status for missing items from stocktake.
- Step 3. Start stocktake by setting the stocktake date to the date on which this stocktake is started.
- Step 4. Input barcodes.
- Step 5. Review the list of items not scanned. Chase up items not scanned.
- Step 6. Mark the missing items into the new status.
- Step 7 Clean up the mess.
- Step 8. Relax.

Appendix

Backups:

The Bookmark mantra. Backup! Backup! Backup!

Backing up is the most important part of the Bookmark program. Backups are your lifeline in case disaster strikes. It always hits when least expected.

It is possible to set up an automatic data backup to a server or another location.

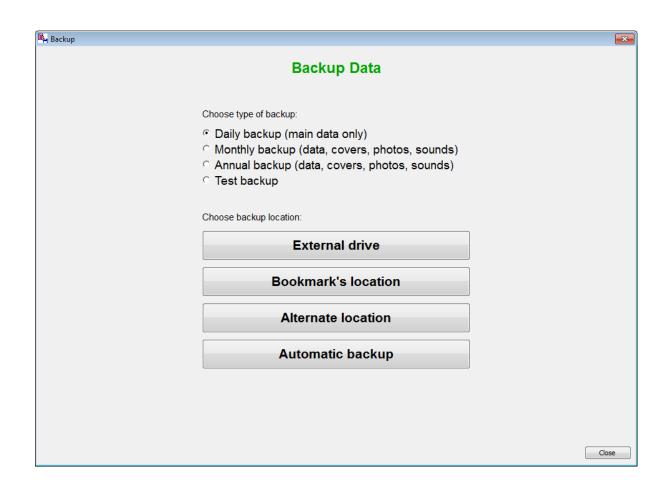
Backing up is the librarian's responsibility.

Do not rely on the server backup.

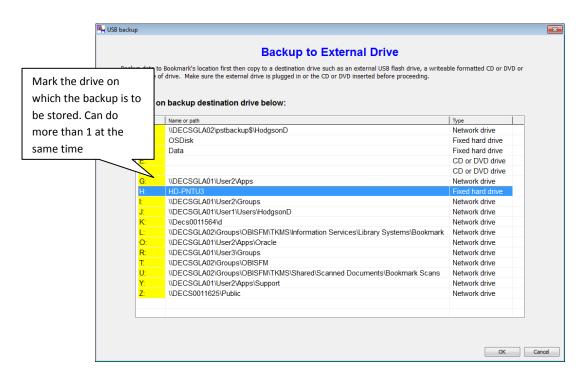
Keep the backups safe!

From within Bookmark there are 3 different sorts of backups:

- 1. Normal quick (less than a minute) data backup. (data only),
 - to a USB flash drive or a formatted CD
 - to another part of the computer or another computer on a network,
 - to Bookmark's location ("hard drive")
- 2. monhtly(1-2 minutes) backup. Includes book covers and sounds.



When External Drive is clicked...



Server Backups

Many server backup systems are complex and require the services of a technician for restoring data.

Invariably on the day disaster happens, the tech is unavailable. No matter what anyone says, relying on someone else to restore data can be a problem, particularly with server backups systems. Even if

you are instructed by the network manager or technician not to bother, we strongly recommend

backing up in Bookmark (Utilities) anyway.

Where to Backup?

Backing up to a usb flash drive is easiest. Have three flash drives, two for a normal backup and one

for the monthly backups. Know the drive letter of each flash drive. This can change between

different computers and even different flash drives or if the hardware configuration is changed on the same computer. The backup files are not large. (20-150 mg each backup), so the flash drive does

not need to be high-capacity (2 Gb or more is fine). The size of backups depends on the size of the

database.

The next easiest is an external hard drive.

Backing up to Bookmark's location

Every time a backup is made, it is first created at Bookmark's location and then copied to the

destination, even if an external location is selected.

A Bookmark's location backup is also useful for quick, middle-of-the-day backups.

Backing up to CD

Windows 7, 8 and 10 can both read and write to ordinary CD-R and DVD-R discs. These discs are

more durable than any other media. To back up to a CD or DVD, first format it for read/write. Then

simply select it from the list.

Backup Strategy

Back up each day to one flashdrive. The next week swap to another and do all backups for that

week. Swap back the following week.

At the end of each month, do a special "Monthly backup" to a different external drive.

At the end of the year, backup to a special flashdrive, CD or other save location.

Checking Backups

This should be done once a term.

Giant Rule: DO NOT BACKUP IF THERE IS AN ERROR OF ANY KIND!!!!

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Updating.

Bookmark is changed quite frequently. It is recommended that you update regularly.

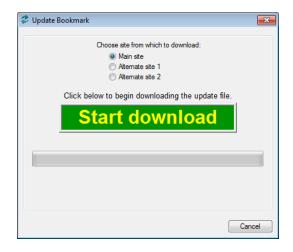
There are 2 main ways to update.

- 1. Through the program (the easy way) or
- 2. Downloading from the internet then processing the downloaded file.

Method 1. Go to Utilities and choose Update.



Click on the top button "Download and process update in one step". If this method can be used (it may be blocked), a small program is downloaded from the Internet and opened.



If you see this, click Start Download and proceed. If not, this method is blocked, in which case use Method 2.

Method 2.

Go to the Internet and download the update file from the Bookmark webpage. Download it by saving it to somewhere you can find it again. The easiest place would be to a usb flashdrive.

The "Download an update file only via browser" button can be used for this.

After downloading and saving, back in Update, choose Process a previously downloaded update file.

Find the file using the file requestor box. Highlight it, and click OK. The process described above will take place There is a fact sheet on file requestors on the webpage and in the factsheets.

Daily, Monthly, Annual Tasks

Daily:

Start of Day:

- Turn on server computer (Bookmark host) first
- Start Bookmark on the main computer
- Check date screen. Change due dates in Controls if required.

End of Day:

- Close modules on workstations first
- On the librarian's main computer, go to Utilities and make data backup
- Close Bookmark
- Switch off

Monthly:

- Adjust any end-of-month due dates if required

Each Term:

- Adjust any end-of-term fixed due dates

Half Yearly:

- Re-index key words (not absolutely necessary but useful)
- Rebuild series & subject authorities
- Check quality of backups

End of Year (See the end of year factsheet)

- Print useful statistics
- List of titles not borrowed may be useful
- Stocktake collection: can be done in sections, over the year, too
- Do archive backup
- Remove borrowers who have left
- Send a backup to Bookmark to keep in our Backup Bank as added security

Beginning of Year:

- Add new borrowers, either by importing or manually
- Adjust borrower classes and types
- Reset fixed due dates
- Clear all reservations or remove old reservations and holds
- Tidy the Deletions List(check with the auditors first about Departmental or school policy).
- Manage the Reviews as per school policy for students who are leaving (if you use them)

Sources of Help.

• The Bookmark manual and factsheets

It is in the program, accessible from the Main Menu.

• The Help desk. (from Magical Marion or Diligent Dean)

08 8226 1541 or 1800 26 1541

If you have mobile reception we are happy to ring you back on you r mobile so that you are next to the machine.

decd.bookmark@sa.gov.au

• The Bookmark website

The most update source of information http://bookmark.central.sa.edu.au

• SCIS helpline - downloading catalogue records

1800 337 005 for downloading from SCIS

• Dataman – labels and scanners

08 8322 7675 or 0 212 84 0637

Usergroups

WA and in SA. Check the website or ring the Help Desk for more information.

• A neighbouring school pal.